THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1796. [Vol. IV.---No. 555.

☞ VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water streets)

A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and selling of such articles therein between the times of public sales as may be on limitation. They likewise offer their services in transacting any kind of Commission Business.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th, 1796.

On WEDNESDAY the 9th November, will be sold at Public Vendue, on the premises,

A Lot of Ground on Water Street, containining 60 feet in front, and 123 feet 5 inches in depth, on which is a brick house, with other improvements.

The conditions will be made known on the day of sale by

Wm. WILSON,
ROGER COLLART.

October 20.

Dempsey, Harris, & Co.

In King Street, next door to Mr. John Norwood's,

Have just received by the Charleston from London, via. Baltimore,

A GENERAL AND EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

Fresh Drugs & Medicines.

Glass furniture and vials, Surgeons' instruments, Patent Medicines, Painters' Colours, dry, and ground in oil. Copal varnish. Gold and Silver Leaf. Starch, Hair Powder, and Fig Blue. Fresh Durham Mustard. Painters' Brushes, and Camel's Hair Pencils. Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, and Cinnamon. Essence of Anchovies, and Quin's sauce. A general assortment of Perfumery, with most articles in their line. Their terms will be liberal, and the greatest exertion used to execute orders with punctuality and dispatch.

N. B. Medicine Chests for shipping, Iron-works, Plantations, and private families, put up at the shortest notice, with plain and approved directions.

Country Store keepers and others supplied with patent and other medicines at the most reduced prices.

Robert Hamilton,

HAVING admitted his Brother JAMES HAMILTON into Partnership on the first of this month, acquaints his friends and the Public, that the Business will in future be conducted under the firm of

ROBERT & JAMES HAMILTON.

N. B. A few eligible building Lots for sale, adjoining the dwelling house of

ROBERT HAMILTON.

Antigua Rum & Muscovado Sugars,

London particular Madeira Wine, in pipes, hogsheads, and quarter casks, warranted 5 yeaes old, and of a very superior quality,

Rice in hogsheads and tierces,

Fifty barrels prime New-York Pork,

James River Coal,

FOR SALE BY

ROB. & JAS. HAMILTON.

Sept. 17. eptf.

Flour Store.

THOMAS PETERKIN will Store Flour for any length of time, at sixpence per barrel, in the warehouse lately occupied by James M. M'Rea and Co. adjoining Messrs. Shreve and Lawrason.

Oct. 19. eptf.

Samuel Craig

HAS received by the late arrivals from England, his fall supply of GOODS, which he is now opening for sale.

Oct. 19. 2w.

I will Sell,

THE SHIP

BELLONA,

Now taking in a cargo of Tobacco at George-town, for Amsterdam. She is in good order and well found, burthen about 420 to 430 hogsheads of Tobacco, and will be ready to sail in ten days.

The conditions of sales will be made for the purchaser to receive, or not, the present freight as it may be agreeable, it will amount to about thirteen hundred pounds, sterling. Orders are already given for its insurance, and permission will be given the purchaser if he chuses to draw on it.—For particulars apply to Mr. Thomas Patten at Alexandria, or in George-Town to

J. MASON.

October 20.

For Freight or Charter,

THE SHIP

Two Sisters,

THOMAS BROWN, master, Burthen about 400 hhds, tobacco or twenty-seven hundred bls. of flour—will be ready to take in a freight in ten days. Apply to the master on board at Ramsay's wharf, or to

THOMAS PATTEN.

Oct. 17.

For Charter,

THE BRIG

Virginia,

Burthen 300 hhds. of tobacco.—For terms apply to

SHREVE & LAWRASON.

Who have for sale—Queen's ware in crates, well assorted; glass ware; double Gloucester cheese in hampers; Liverpool salt in sacks and loose; pipes in boxes; pearl barley in kegs; barr lead; candles by the box.

Oct. 18. tf.

For Freight,

TO ANY OF THE NORTHERN STATES.

The Schooner

Metomkin,

Nathan Allyn, Master.—She is a good, staunch, fast sailing vessel, and now lies at Harper's wharf. There is on board the Metomkin a quantity of excellent Cheese and Cyder for sale on moderate terms. The vessel will be cleared immediately if a freight offers. For terms apply to the master on board.

October 25. 3t.

CAPT. CROWDHILL,

OF THE SHIP SALLY,

JUST ARRIVED FROM WHITEHAVEN, AND NOW LYING AT ADAMS'S WHARF,

HAS FOR SALE ON BOARD,

A QUANTITY OF

EARTHENWARE,

In Crates, well assorted, together with a small assortment of

CUT & PLAIN FLINT GLASS,

Superfine Mustard by the box, high and low priced boxes of HARDWARE, well assorted for country stores, garden, ditching, and ballast spades, 8d, and 10d. nails, pump tacks and scupper nails, large and small spikes. Also, a cask of Ship's Chandlery, well assorted, low priced hats in cases, do. do. woolens, calicoes, chintzes, swandown, casimeres, checks, &c. all of which will be sold low for cash.

October 25.

IRISH LINENS.

THE subscriber having received by the ship Polly and Nancy from Liverpool a few boxes 4-4 and 7-8 LINEN, and a few pieces CAMBRICK, which he has opened at Mr. Alex. Mackenzie's store in Prince-street, will sell them low for Cash or a short Credit.

FRANCIS M'CLURE.

October 25. tf.

FOR SALE,

A FEW DINING SETS OF ELEGANT

NANKEEN CHINA,

consisting of 188 pieces each.

Liverpool and Cadiz salt in bulk; and salt in sacks—

100 quarter chests Teas of different kinds—

60 puncheons Jamaica, W. Islandand continental Rum—

Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga, Corsica andPort Wines, in hhds. pipes and quarter casks—

French brandy, Holland gin, London bottled porter—

Loaf sugar in barrels, Muscovado sugars—

Coffee—

Cotton in bags.

Rice, indigo, fig blue, copperas, madder, rosin, best mustard in bottles, pepper, pimento, nutmegs, mace, cloves, cassia, capers, olives in bottles and jars, anchovies in jugs.

Soal leather of the best quality—Salt-petre, refined and crude—white and brown soap, dipped and mould candles of Philadelphia manufacture—race and ground ginger—Leiper's snuff of different qualities in bladders and bottles.

Also, one box of 7-8 and one do. 4-4 Irish linen, well assorted.

MANDEVILLE & JAMESSON.

October 19. tf

Jackson & Dunnington,

AT THEIR STORE IN KING-STREET,

Nearly opposite Messrs. Mandeville and Jamesson's,

Have just received and for sale,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE and second cloths and casimeres, elastic, striped and double milled drab cloths, fine and coarse coatings, rose and duffle blankets, halfthicks, planes, and kerseys, white, blue, and green kendal cottons, fine and coarse flannels, green baize, tambor'd vest shapes, cross bar'd, striped, & spotted casimeres for do. fancy, mole skin, & swansdown do. olive and black velvet and velveteens, thicksets, corduroy, Genoa cord, royal rib, black amens and fustians, scarlet and dove coloured cardinals, wild boret, moreens, jeans, Joan's spinning, durants & calimancoes, fine & coarse cloak cambler, cape velvets, white and changeable lutestrings, cloaking and men's sattin, India and other Persians, handsome furniture calicoes, light and dark ground calicoes and chintzes, book and jaconet muslin and muslin handkerchiefs, muslin cravats, fine and coarse India humhums, oil cloths for table covers, 4-4 and 7/8 Irish linens, German and British osnaburgs, German rolls, diaper, and diaper table cloths, silk, cotton, worsted and yarn hosery, bandanna and other handkerchiefs, plated, gilt, princes striped, and pearl buttons, Turkey red cottons, knives & forks, spectacles, stock locks, H H hinges, snuff boxes, scissars, pen knives, clasp do. candle sticks and snuffers, razors, cork screws, plated and common spurs, needles and pins, tea and table spoons, coarse and fine hats, loaf and brown sugar, tea, coffee, pepper, and indigo, hair seives, ladies' black and red morocco slippers, Florentine and satinet do. &c. &c.

October 22.

Macleod & Lumsdon,

BEG Leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have imported in the snow Nancy from New-Castle, a large assortment of ENGLISH CROWN GLASS of a superior quality, which enables them to glaze pictures and windows of all sizes from 36 inches by 26 inches down to 10 by 8 on moderate terms. Good allowance to those who take a quantity. Likewise, sundry crates of well assorted EARTHEN WARE, with some Black and Brown Ware. consisting of baking dishes, covered jars, milk mugs, &c. &c. As also, an elegant assortment of best FLINT GLASS, consisting of decanters, goblets, jelly and wine glasses, &c. which they will sell wholesale on moderate terms.

N. B. Painting, gilding, and glazing in all its various branches. Walls of rooms &c. stained & painted any colour, in a new stile. An apprentice wanted of good morals.

GEORGE DRINKER and SAMUEL STANSBURY having entered into partnership under the firm of

Drinker and Stansbury,

In the store formerly occupied by George Drinker, have now opened a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery and Brass Wares, Castings, &c.

White Lead Ground in Oil
Spanish Brown do. do.
Yellow Ochre do. do.

Red lead; Prussian blue; patent yellow; vermilion; verdigrise; chalk; whiting and putty; 7-8, 8-10, 9-11 and 10-12 window glass; powder and shot; copal and common varnish; spirits of turpentine; hatters trimmings; aquia fortis; quick silver; logwood and glue; white soap; mould and dipp'd candles; slates; brushes; corks, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A small assortment of DRY GOODS wholesale, consisting of cloths, cassimers muslins, hosiery, modes, nankeens, ribbons &c.

July 14

Cleaver & Mitchell

BEG leave to inform their friends and the Public in general, that they have just imported (from England,)

A General Assortment of

FALL GOODS,

And now offering for sale at their Store in Fairfax street, being the next house above Mr. Robert Youngs.

—CONSISTING OF—

FINE and coarse coatings; white, blue, green, and brown serges; fine and coarse flannels; velvet and velveteens; cassimiers, printed quiltings, and a variety of other waistcoatings; printed calicoes, and shawls, Irish linens. Likewise, a quantity of paper and horn puttons; pins; Japaned waiters and canisters: copper tea kettles; Britania metal tea-pots, with stands; table knives and forks; pocket and pen-knives; awl blades and thimbles; horn and ivory combs, black and red lead pencils; pocket books; black and red morocco; wafers and sealing wax; table mats; gun flints; Jewsharps; Japaned and iron candle-snuffers, a few casks of nails, tin plate in boxes; a quantity of earthen ware well assorted; tobacco pipes in boxes, large bowls.

They likewise offer for sale, a quantity of Jaconet, book, striped, and sprigged muslin dimities; plan and coloured bordered muslins; handkerchiefs; striped and clouded nanedns, with a variety of other articles.

They likewise flatter themselves no person will be able to give more general satisfaction.

Sept. 17. 2m1aw

Thomas Breillatt,

North side of King-street, opposite Patton and Scott's

Has for sale, in pound papers sealed, very strong,

British battle and double glazed Gunpowder, wholesale or retail.

Also, watch glasses, spinning cotton; mens' womens' and boys' shoes, hats, pins, needles, threads, tapes, butter, coffee, sugar, glass tumblers, Irish linens, printed and white calicoes, muslins, lawns, mens' English shoes, trunks, durants, cambletts, checks, with a variety of Dry Goods.

N. B. A stack of hay for sale at Cameron Run.

October 25.

For Sale,

ABOUT 800 acres of good farming Land in Fairfax County, situate about 12 miles from Alexandria, and the same distance from George-town & the Federal City. It has been laid off into tenements from 100 to 200 acres, all of which are in very good repair, having commodious dwelling houses, barns, orchards, &c. on it.—The tenants now on it are chiefly tenants at will. I will sell this land either in small parcels or altogether, as may best suit the purchaser: Further particulars are thought unnecessary, as it is presumed that any one disposed to purchase will wish to see the land.

MORDECAI C. FITZHUGH.

Ravensworth, Oct. 6. 3w1w.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

MR. PRICE,

Mr. John Taylor's letter, publiſhed in your laſt paper, may juſtly be conſidered as a full diſcloſure of the deſign and expectation of all thoſe who, like him, have *been* oppoſed "*to the chief meaſures of the Federal Government.*"

He is entitled to credit for the candid declaration which he has made of his ſentiments and wiſhes; every other electoral candidate, who has been oppoſed to General WASHINGTON's adminiſtration, if they would ſpeak with as much candour, would expreſs the ſame language.

It is diſingenuous in the extreme for men, who have oppoſed and vilified the meaſures of his adminiſtration, to pretend that they would vote for him, if he would conſent to continue longer in ſervice. Mr. Jefferſon is the man of their choice; they expect that he will adminiſter the government on different principles, and purſue different meaſures; therefore, thoſe who are of opinion, that the chief meaſures of our preſent Preſident have "*violated the moſt valuable principles of the Conſtitution, and that they threaten to reſult in a revolution,*" act conſiſtently in ſupporting Mr. Jefferſon's election.

But it would be little ſhort of madneſs, in thoſe who have approved the chief meaſures of his adminiſtration; who believe that thoſe meaſures have preſerved the United States in peace; promoted their proſperity to a degree unexampled; and that they have not violated the conſtitution, to wiſh a change of meaſures; or to favour the election of a man ſelected by thoſe who were againſt the adoption of the Federal Conſtitution, and who have been uniformly oppoſed to the meaſures of the executive, as beſt calculated to bring back the government to (what they pretend to call) the republican ground, from which, Mr. Taylor aſſerts, it has widely wandered. His meaning is plain and obvious. He diſapproves of the principles which governed the Preſident, and the meaſures he has purſued in his adminiſtration. He is known to be a warm friend to Mr. Jefferſon's election, and conſequently muſt expect and believe, that Mr. Jefferſon, if elected, will in his adminiſtration of the government, be governed by different principles, and will purſue different meaſures.

I hope my fellow-citizens will ſeriouſly reflect on the awful conſequences of ſuch a change of principles and meaſures in the adminiſtration; that they will hold faſt that which they have experienced to be good; and that they will not quit the ſubſtance to graſp at a ſhadow.

PHOCION.

October 26, '96.

EPISTOLARY CORRESPONDENCE CONTINUED.

Extract of a Letter from an European Emigrant to his Friend in London.

Alexandria, Virginia, June 17, 1795.

——— "Alexandria is one of the moſt wicked places I ever beheld in my life; cock-fighting, horſe-racing, with every ſpecies of gambling and cheating, being apparently the principal buſineſs going forward. As a proof of this, you may judge of the extent of this diſſipation when I inform you, this little place contains no leſs than between *forty and fifty billiard tables.* Here is one proteſtant church, where ſervice is performed once a month; one preſbyterian, methodiſt, and roman catholic chapel.—The people here are as proud and imperious as poſſible, and eſteem but little ſuch *white people as are obliged to labour for a livelihood*, all the drudgery being done by *their wretched negro ſlaves.*

"The women bear no compariſon to our fair country-women, neither in point of perſon or dreſs, in the latter of which they are perfect ſlovens, as they ſeldom wear caps, ſtays, ſhoes, or ſtockings at home, which makes them, whenever they appear abroad equipped in theſe things, hardly know how to behave themſelves; and alſo renders their carriage extremely awkward and diſguſting. Our board coſts us three dollars per week; we have three meals a day; our breakfaſt is coffee or tea, with hot Indian hoe-cakes; for dinner either beef, mutton, or pork; and for ſupper the cold meat left at the preceding meal. I have neither ſeen or taſted a good morſel of meat ſince I have been here; it is like carrion, and ſo lean that you might get more fat from a loin of Engliſh mutton than from all that has yet fallen in my way.—Journeymen ſhoemakers get five ſhillings currency for making *ſhoes* and ſixteen for boots; they are the moſt wretched ſet of creatures it is poſſible to conceive, being *always* bought and ſold from one maſter to another, on account of being forty or fifty dollars in debt.

"Tell my couſin J. M. to be particularly careful in treating with the agents for the ſale of American lands, or he will be taken in, as I would not give one thouſand pounds *ſterling* for all the uncultivated land I have ſeen. Adviſe *every* perſon to be on their guard againſt ſuch artifices, or they will repent it when it is too late.

"S. M."

☞ The publication in the MIRROR of Saturday laſt, ſubſcribed "*Another Freeholder,*" was in reply to the following, which we alſo inſert at the inſtance of

A CORRESPONDENT.

FROM THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

TO JOHN MAYO, Eſq;

SIR,

You have been pleaſed to offer yourſelf for the office of Elector of the Preſident and Vice-Preſident of the United States, at the enſuing election, and, with becoming candor, have declared in what manner you will vote if you ſhall be appointed to that truſt, by the people of our diſtrict.

Having mentioned in your addreſs, that if Mr. Waſhington ſhould determine to retire from public ſervice (which it is ſincerely hoped will not be the caſe) fewer objections lie againſt the choice of Mr. Jefferſon, to be Preſident, than any other man—Permit one of the perſons to whom you addreſſed yourſelf, to ſtate ſome of the reaſons why Mr. Jefferſon ought not to be choſen.

1ſt.—Becauſe, he does not poſſeſs fortitude for the ſtation—What think you would have become of the *Political Ship*, if, during the laſt four years, he had been at the *Helm?*

2d.—Becauſe, a ſucceſſor to George Waſhington ought, alſo, to be his ſucceſſor in political opinions—Do you believe that they accord, or are at variance, as to the adminiſtration of the government of the United States?

3d.—Becauſe, the moſt active ſupporters of Mr. Jefferſon, have been the moſt conſtant and avowed oppoſers of the adminiſtration of George Waſhington—the revilers and calumniators of that great man, and their efforts appear to have been pointed to drive him from office to make room for their favorite.

4th.—Becauſe, in the ſpring of 1793 he reſigned the office of Secretary of State, with a full knowledge of the dangers which threatened the peace of his country, both within and without—Was not this a deſertion of his poſt in the hour of peril, and when his ſervices were moſt needed?

5th.—Becauſe, when he was governor of Virginia, in the year 1781, during the invaſion of the ſtate by a ſmall Britiſh force, inſtead of defending the commonwealth, at that alarming juncture, he voluntarily and ſuddenly ſurrendered his office, and at that criſis his country was required to chooſe another governor—Is there any ſecurity he would not act in like manner again, under like circumſtances?

6th.—Becauſe I have heard, and believe, that he is yet coſiderably indebted on account of debts originally contracted with Britiſh ſubjects, by his late father in-law, prior to the revolution.—Do you think that any man conſiderably indebted to the ſubjects of a foreign nation, ought to be Preſident?

7th.—Becauſe, no man ought to be Preſident, who does not profeſs and practiſe the chriſtian religion—Does Mr. Jefferſon profeſs to be of the ſociety of chriſtians? If he does, pray inform the public to what ſect he belongs—Is he a preſbyterian, methodiſt, baptiſt, epiſcopalian, quaker, catholic, or of any other denomination of Chriſtians?

I forbear remarks—and let me conclude by aſking, whether objections ſo many and ſo ſerious, are juſtly to be made againſt any other diſtinguiſhed citizen in our ſtate?

Take theſe matters into conſideration, Mr. Mayo, and unleſs they operate a change in your ſentiments, do not expect my vote.

A FREEHOLDER.

James-City County, Sept. '96.

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

MR. HAMMOND'S MISSION.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 7.

By the diſpatches received from Mr. Hammond, we learn that his miſſion has failed *in toto*; the King of Pruſſia having not only rejected the propoſal made to him by our court, which went to guarantee to him certain very important territories and a ſea-port, *but received Mr. Hammond in a moſt ungracious manner!* This is an inſult not to be wondered at, after ſubmitting to ſuch an humiliation, as to apply to that very power which deceived us, broke faith with us, and cheated us of our money.

The object of Mr. Hammond's miſſion is ſaid to have been two-fold: firſt, to aſcertain the final determination of the French government on the conditions of peace—and ſecondly, if that determination ſhould prove to be ſuch as to render the continuation of the war inevitable, to detach the Pruſſian monarch from this alliance with the French, and to induce him to rejoin that confederacy which he was the firſt to eſtabliſh and the firſt to deſert. In both theſe points, Mr. Hammond has completely, failed; and the failure has juſtified the apprehenſions of thoſe who were capable of forming any judgment of the preſent ſtate of continental affairs.

Some of our politicians are now convinced of what they ought to have ſeen long ago, that the royal plunderer of Poland is determined to take every poſſible advantage of the Emperor's diſtreſſed ſituation. The petty ſtates too, at leaſt as many as are within his power, will ſoon participate in the bleſſings of his paternal care and affection.

The demands of the French Directory, as communicated through our late faithful ally, are ſaid to be ſuch as might be expected through ſuch a channel. In fact, they go clearly to prove one of two things—either that Pruſſia is not the channel by which negotiations at all honorable to this country can be carried on; or, that the Directory will not, through any foreign medium, treat with our preſent miniſtry. We pretend not to determine which of theſe is the fact.

Mr. Hammond, after ſending Brooks, the meſſenger to Vienna, with the reſult of his conferences at the court of Pruſſia, is himſelf on his return to London, and may be daily expected.

The Emperor, we are told, is determined to defend his dominions to the laſt. It is natural he ſhould do ſo; but it is confidently reported, that he has no intention to carry on the war any longer; that he now labors to give peace to his dominions by a treaty with the French; and that, if nothing unforeſeen retards the negotiation, a peace between theſe two powers will be concluded before the end of next month.

BY ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

PARIS, SEPTEMBER 10.

The general opinion is here, that if Jourdan has actually been defeated, it is owing to his having imprudently purſued General Wartenſleben in obedience to Carnot's orders.

DRESDEN, AUGUST 19.

Although the French armies are advancing, we continue tranquil and unconcerned, as they received previous orders, through the mediation of Pruſſia, not to penetrate into Saxony, nor to aſk contributions or requiſitions from the Saxon ſtates. The armaments are however ſtill continued until the treaty of neutrality ſhall arrive.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 15.

It was through the Daniſh, and not through the American miniſter, that a paſſport has been demanded for our miniſter going to Paris.

SEPTEMBER 16.

Yeſterday morning, and not before, an order of council was ſent to the cuſtom-houſe, ordering an embargo to be laid on all Spaniſh ſhips in our ports. This is a meaſure of retaliation for the orders given in Spain for ſtopping all Engliſh veſſels in ports of that kingdom.

As however, it may be erroneouſly reported as to the Spaniſh ſhips now in Engliſh ports, we have made particular enquiry, and find that the number does not exceed ſixteen, the value of which is eſtimated at about 40,000l. The value of the Britiſh property in Spain is calculated at 400,000l.

The report of orders having been alſo given for repriſals on Spaniſh veſſels, is without foundation, nor is it likely that any ſuch will be iſſued, unleſs the court of Spain ſhould ſet the example.

Yeſterday morning a letter was received by Mr. King, one of his majeſty's under ſecretaries of ſtate, from the mayor of Dover, ſtating that an American veſſel was arrived there from Bologne, the captain of which reports, that he had ſeen a Paris paper of the 13th inſt. which contains the news of general Jourdan's having been entirely defeated in a ſecond engagement with Archduke Charles, with the loſs of 15,000 men.

We ſhall make no other comment on this news, which certainly requires much confirmation, than that it ſeems to be the opinion of well informed men, that the Archduke would certainly follow up his firſt advantages without giving time to Jourdan to rally his forces.

LIGHT ARTICLES
OF
BRITISH MANUFACTURE.

There is an *Italian* proverb, which ſays, "The *Italians* are wiſe before they begin a thing—the *Germans* when they are about it—and the *French* when it is all over." The termination of the war will *probably* intitle the Engliſh to the French ſhare of the proverb.

Kings are *ſaid* to be *hard-mouthed* but two events *prove* them to be *hard-headed.*—The ſconce of His Majeſty of *England* once reſiſted the force of a *ſtone*; and the head of *Louis* XVIII. has received but little injury from a *bullet.*

The young ladies finding that the *thrifty* fashion has done no good for them, have of late increased the waist, and thus, discovered a wish to have *somebody* rather than *nobody*. The cestus is now two inches lower than formerly.

The *piety* of the Empress is wondrous: to atone for the horrors of *Ishmael*, she now makes the Polish Jews keep Sunday for their Sabbath, and make a Christian repast upon fat bacon.

A Dignitary of the Church asked a friend lately, "whether he had *learned* any thing by the sermon he had just now heard him preach?"—"I did indeed?" said his friend, "I learned *patience* to sit still and hear it?"

Those who are fond of *lively* intelligence, may be pleased to hear, that the *Sprightly* cutter is commanded by Lieutenant JUMP.

Bare elbows are going out of fashion. *Bearing the arm* is an eastern expression for *defiance*. How then came the ladies to think the *action* would prove an *allurement?*

EPIGRAM.

Women were born, so fate declares.
To *smooth* our linen and our cares:
And 'tis but just, for by my troth,
They're very apt to *ruffle* both.

Singular Trait.—In the frequent insurrections which have taken place at *Paris* since the Revolution. Miss Williams observes, in her "Sketch of Politics," the people have always dispersed at their usual hour of rest. The same observation was made a century ago, by the Cardinal de Retz, when ordered by the Court to disperse the croud on the first day of the insurrection of the *Fronde*:—"This cost me very little trouble," says the *Cardinal*, "as it was near the *hour* of *supper*!"

The Church militant.—The Bishop of *Bangor*, was lately indited at an assize in *England*, for a *Riot* and *Assault*.—One of his diocese, who was opposed to him, preached a sermon from *Titus* 1.

LAW DICTIONARY.

A gentleman lately applied to a friend, to inform him who was the best Council on a circuit where he had a cause to be tried—"Why, really, said his friend, there are but two clever fellows upon that circuit. I don't happen to recollect their names, but you can't mistake them; the one is *all law* and *no jaw*, and the other is *all jaw* and *no law*."

ALL those who have any accounts against RICHARD ARELL, dec'd. are once more requested to bring them forward legally attested for settlement, or they will be deemed as paid, if not brought in to the subscribers on or before the last day of October next. Also, those who are ind bted will please to make immediate payment, or there will be suits brought against all that stand indebted on the books of said R. Arell.

P. G. MARSTELLER
GEORGE JENKINS, } Adm'rs

Sept. 17.

P. J. DELARUE,
DYER,

INFORMS his customers, that he has removed his shop from Royal Street to Water Street, three or four doors south of the Vendue Store, where he dies and dresses clothes, ribbands, laces, gauzes, and thread of different colours. He returns his thanks for the custom he has already experienced, and hopes by his attention an increase of public favour.

N. B. Ladies' gowns must be ripped before they are sent.

October 27. 3t

FOR SALE,

25 Puncheons 4th proof ANTIGUA RUM, and a quantity of LIVERPOOL SALT.

KEMP HURST & CO.

October 27. eptf

Alexandria, October 27.

AUTHENTIC.

Notice to the Merchants of the United States.

The following advertisement has been transmitted by the American commissioners in London, to be published in the United States. The printers will render an acceptable service to their fellow-citizens by giving it a place in their newspapers.

TIMOTHY PICKERING.

Department of State,
Oct. 20, 1796.

The commissioners appointed to carry into execution the seventh article of the treaty of amity, commerce, and navigation, between his Britannic Majesty, and the United States of America, hereby give notice, that they have formed a board and will be ready to proceed to the business of their commission, on Monday, the 10th day of October next, at their office, No. 5, Gray's-Inn-square, Gray's-Inn, London.

All persons having claims under said article, will take notice, that, by the provisions thereof, eighteen months, from the day on which said commissioners shall form a board, and be ready to proceed to business, are assigned for receiving complaints and applications: and that the commissioners are authorised only in particular cases in which it shall appear to them to be reasonable and just, to extend the said term of eighteen months, for any term not exceeding six months after the expiration thereof.

London, 7th Sept. 1796.

FROM THE BOSTON CENTINEL.

Mr. Leven Powell, a candidate for the office of Elector in Virginia, in a public address says, "We are told, that Mr. Ames, when he was in this country, said, that the people of New England looked on Mr. Adams as a man attached to the British party, and that in his opinion they would vote for Mr. Henry in preference to him."—The report suggested above we pointedly contradict, and think Mr. Powell, when assured that it is a calumny, will do Mr. Ames the justice to contradict it also. Mr. Ames never made the assertion, and the people of the Northern States have not yet been informed, that Mr. Henry was a candidate.

One of the most simple and useful discoveries in Agriculture, comprehending pasturage, is to mixgreen, or new cut clover, with layers of straw, in ricks and stacks. Thus the sap and strength of the clover is absorbed by the straw, which thus impregnated, both horses and cattle eat greedily, and thus the clover is dried, and prevented from heating. This practice is particularly calculated for second crops of clover, or clover and rye-grass.

[Lon. Pap.]

FOR THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR.

"*Men who live in a Glass house should not begin to throw Stones.*"

Col. Simms and Col. Powell have, in their addresses objected to Mr. Jefferson as successor to the President of the United States, because, as they say, he discovered a want of firmness in his conduct as Governor of Virginia, and in his resignation of that office at a trying and perilous period of the late revolution. Mr. Brent's publication supercedes the necessity of any further vindication of that truly estimable character; and proves how imprudently, unwarrantably, and destitute of foundation, these charges have been brought forward; that they may come with peculiarly bad grace from these gentlemen will appear from the following:—

Extracts from the Biography of Col. CHARLES SIMMS *and Col.* LEVEN POWELL.

The former of these gentlemen in the year 1779 having a claim for land which he wished to urge before the Virginia Assembly, solicited leave of absence from the army for that purpose. The public service, and the situation of the army, not comporting with such indulgence, his application was referred by Gen. Washington to Congress, who, on the 4th of September, 1779, came to the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That leave of absence from his regiment, be given to Lieut. Col. Simms, till the 20th day of Nov. next:

"That copies of his application to Congress, and Gen. Washington's letter, be transmitted to the Governor of Virginia, and that it be signified to him, that as Lieut. Col. Simms's application has been complied with at a time when his absence is with the greatest reluctance dispensed with; it is the wish of Congress that he may be enabled to rejoin his regiment as speedily as possible; and that such measures may be taken respecting claims similar to that of Lieut. Col. Simms, as may prevent other officers of the Virginia line making application for the like indulgence of absence, which must in the midst of a campaign, be utterly inadmissible; and that a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the Governor of Virginia."

In the same volume of their journals, we find it recorded that on

"*Tuesday, December 7th*, 1779.

"A letter of Nov. the 8th from Lieut. Col. Charles Simms was read, desiring leave to resign.

"*Ordered*, that his resignation be accepted."

Col. Powell was, about the beginning of 1777, appointed Lieut. Col. to Col. Grayson's regiment—When the obstinate battles of Brandywine and German-Town were fought, he was at home attending to the recruiting service; a necessary but not a very perilous employment—the recruits were marched forward about the close of that campaign, and Col. Powell resigned before another was opened:

In 1779 he was elected a member of the Virginia assembly: at the May session of that assembly, the state was invaded by the British army under Gen. Matthews; Col. Powell resigned or vacated his seat in the legislature, but perhaps not until the Land Office was opened, and he was prepared to embark in the profitable speculations of Kentucky.

Americans cannot have forgotten that the years 1778 and 1779 were *times that tried men's souls*; BUT SOME MEN'S SOULS ARE IN THEIR POCKETS.

FIRMNESS.

By Post.

FROM HALIFAX.

NEW-YORK, OCTOBER 22.

The ship Argus, Capt. Fanning, arrived at this port yesterday, in 8 days from Halifax.

The *consternation*, on account of the *approaching French*, was such, that dispatches had been expedited to the whole of Murray's fleet (viz. 1 ship of the line and 7 frigates) to concentre there; this had been effected with the exception of *two frigates*, which were expected in every moment.

The accounts at Halifax were. that the British Fisheries on Newfoundland had been destroyed by the French fleet who for that purpose had landed 3000 troops, and that *another French fleet, of ten ships of the line*, had been spoken off the *Banks*.

At Halifax they were in great confusion repairing their forts and levying *recruits*, who seem very *unwilling* to exchange their *fish-stakes* for *fire-arms*; it is however *vaunted*, that they can raise 50,000 men!!!

PHILADELPHIA, OCTOBER 22

A letter from New-York, dated yesterday informs, that a vessel had arrived there in seven days from Halifax, and brings letters which state that the French fleet had not been seen there, nor had any intelligence been received respecting it, since they heard of its being at the Bay of Bulls, Newfoundland.

BOSTON, OCTOBER 17.

We learn that the two original commissioners for settling the St. Croix boundary met at Halifax in August last, and made choice of the Hon. Egbert Benson, Esq. of New-York, as the third commissioner. That Judge Benson on the 25th of September met the other commissioners at Passamaquody Bay. The board then took the oath required by the treaty, and appointed Edward Winslow, Esq. their Secretary. The board then continued in session, received and decided upon several memorials delivered in by the agent for the United States, and by the agent for his Britannic Majesty. The commissioners went to and took a view of the mouths of the two rivers contended for by the parties, and having ordered surveys of them, and of the bay into which they empty their waters, and having made arrangements for a final hearing adjourned to meet in Boston.

MECHANICAL RELIEF SOCIETY.

☞ The Members of the above Society are hereby notified, that a stated quarterly meeting will be held on Wednesday evening next, the 2d November, at half past six, o'clock, at the house of Wm. M'Knight.

J. V. THOMAS, Sec'ry.

October 27.

PHILIP WANTON,

RESPECTFULLY informs that he has removed his Merchandize to his Store lately occupied by Janney & Irish, in Prince Street, near Ricketts and Newton's new buildings, where he is opening an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, just received from Europe, and selected from several importations.

A few tons of Pot metal well assorted,
A quantity of 56's and smaller weights,
Soal Leather,
Excellent Indigo and Dye Stuffs.
Clover and Timothy seed.

October 27.

JOHN MYERS & CO.

AT THE
ALEXANDRIA BOTTLING CELLAR,
UNION STREET,

Are constantly supplied with FIRST QUALITY PHILADELPHIA PORTER & BEER.

Merchants, Captains of Vessels, and others, may be supplied on the shortest notice. They will use every exertion in their power to execute commands with punctuality, and presume they will be enabled to give general satisfaction.

N. B. The highest price given for empty bottles.

October 27.

FALL GOODS.

Joseph Riddle & Co.
HAVE IMPORTED

In the ship Henry from London, the ships Two Sisters, the Maria Margaretta, the Catharine, and the Virginia, from Liverpool,

A VERY GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF PIECE GOODS, & HARDWARE,

Also, Pewter, Steel, Nails, Lead, & Shot, Porter and Cheese, Allum, Madder, and Copperas, Seine and Sewing Twine, and Queen's Ware in Crates, well assorted, which they offer for sale at their Warehouse on Swift's alley, opposite Patton and Boucher's Store.

October 27.

Oliver Price will, on reasonable terms, board six or eight creditable persons

To the Freeholders of Fairfax County.

ON the first Monday in November next, at the Court-House in the Town of Alexandria, a Poll will be opened to choose a proper person to represent the District, composed of the Counties of Prince William, Stafford, and Fairfax, as an Elector, to vote for a President and Vice-President of the United States.

C. TURNER, Sheriff.

September 28, 1796.

Bank of Alexandria,

JUNE 16, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscription Book is kept open at the Bank for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the augmented stock, and will continue open until the whole number of shares are filled up. By order of the board.

GURDEN CHAPIN, Cash'r.

N. B. Any Bank Paper from Philadelphia to Alexandria, will be taken for the Money to be paid at the time of subscribing.

GEORGE M'MUNN,

HAS NOW MADE AND READY FOR SALE.

STILLS, assorted from 35 to 200 gall.
Hatters and Wash Kettles.
Fish Kettles and Stew Pans.
Counter scales and scale beams assorted.
Laed and Iron weights in sets.
Pewter measures, assorted.
Iron wire.
Sheet lead, and thin sheet copper, fit for House-plumming business.
An assortment of Tin Ware.

The whole of which are made in the best manner and sold on reasonable terms.

☞ Orders for all kind of Copper work will be duly attended to, and the highest price given for old Copper, Lead, and Pewter. July 30. 3mep

JOHN G. LADD,

HAS FOR SALE AT HIS WAREHOUSE IN PRINCE-STREET.

SUGARS and Coffee in Barrels, Malaga Lisbon and Sherry Wines in quarter casks, Continental Rum, Gin and Cordage in barrels, Molasses in hogsheads, a few pipes French Brandy, a few hundred bushels Salt, Castile, brown, white and Windsor Soap in boxes, mould and dipt Candles in do. Chocolate in do. Pimento in bags, Cassia in boxes, Bohea Tea of the best quality in chests, White Lead, Red Lead, and Spanish Brown, Coperas, roll and powdered Sulpher, a few boxes, pipes, and crates of Liverpool ware, Tanners' Oil in barrels, Timothy Grass seed, a quantity of shoes and boots, printing, writing, and wraping paper, &c. &c.

October 20.

John Mandeville

HAS received by sundry ships from Europe, and has now for sale, a great variety of British Manufactures, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. They chiefly consist of WOOLLENS (suitable to the season) worsted, cotton, and silk hosiery; brown and white British linens; ribbons, silks, gloves, hats, a great variety of printed chintzes, cottons and calicoes, a well chosen assortment of corduroys, thicksets, Genoa velvets, &c.—Metal buttons, pins, thread and other haberdashery—sadler's ironmongery—Also, a choice parcel of the best finished London scale beams and chains, to weigh 1000lbs. and upwards—As likewise, a few casks of excellent bottled Porter and brown Stout. He also daily expects a further quantity of cloths, flannels, blankets, low priced cassimers, &c.

Any person inclined to purchase the whole stock in trade, will be treated with on good terms and a liberal credit.

Oct. 18. tf.

FOR SALE,

A HOUSE and Lot, on Fairfax-street, in fee simple, lying north, and adjoining to Bryan Hampson's, now occupied by John Duffey.—The lot is 33 feet front, and 100 feet deep. The house is a large 2 story frame, with a back building of brick, with a cellar under the whole. There is also a frame stable on this lot.

One other Lot of Ground on Wolf-street, 80 feet, running back 106 feet 5 inches to a 10 feet alley on which is erected a back frame building, in which Thomas Irwin now resides. This lot is subject to a ground rent of four pounds per annum. For terms apply to

October 13, JOHN JANNEY.

HUGH SMITH,

HAS received a few setts of elegant NANKEEN TABLE CHINA, and a variety of pieces and patterns of Tea sets, which he is now opening at his store in King-street, next door above Mr. Robert Allison's.

Oct. 23. tf

POMERY & ISABELL,

INFORM the public, that they have received, and are now selling at their store in King street, the undermost articles at wholesale, an elegant and extensive assortment of fashiouable gilt plated, and metal Buttons, Mancheslry, consisting of velvets, velverets, twill'd and plain corduroys and thicksets, sattinets ribdeleurs, royal ribbs, fustians, &c. A large assortment of Worsted Hosiery, worsted rugs of an excellent quality, and a parcel of well assorted Irish linens. The above will also be sold at retail, together with a general assortment of seasonable Goods, at the most reduced prices, for cash, in which are included, Blankets of a very superior quality, Carpets and Carpeting. The best price given for bees-wax, in cash or goods. The advertisers will rent a stable and coach house, fit for a store-house, adjoining their dwelling. Possession may be had immediately.

October 25. epif.

HARDWARE.

Joseph Riddle & Co.

HAVE IMPORTED
In the ship Alexandria from Liverpool, a general assortment of
HARDWARE.

ALSO,

Dimities, Fustians, Jeans, Thicksets, Sheetings, and Irish Linens. 4d. 6d 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. Nails and Sprigs assorted. Crowley Steel in half faggots. Anvils and Vices.—They have on hand, from their former importations, a great variety of DRY GOODS.—Sail-cloth, from No. 1 to 8. White Lead, Spanish Brown, and Yellow Ochre, dry and in oil. Nutmegs, Fig Blue, Alum, Madder, Shot, and Lead. Which they offer for sale on the usual credit, at their Wholesale Warehouse on Swift's Alley, opposite to Patton & Butcher's Iron Store. May 20.

Blackford, Lewis, & Co.

At their Wholesale Warehouse, No. 8, Bank-Street, Baltimore,
Have imported in the Ship Montezuma, from London, and the Ship Rebecca, from Hull,
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
Fall and Winter Goods,
—ALSO—
A variety of Fancy Goods,

Callicoes, Handkerchiefs, &c. which they will sell cheap for cash, or on the customary credit to punctual and constant customers. They daily expect a further supply of Goods by the Jane and Adriana from Liverpool.

Baltimore, Sept. 16. 6wep.

Carne & Slade

Have just received from Philadelphia a general assortment of

Bar Iron, Share Moulds,

Blistered Steel, and Waggon Boxes, which they offer for sale at their store in Fairfax-street, adjoining Ricketts and Newton's new Buildings.—They fully intend keeping a constant supply, and paying due attention to those who may be pleased to favour them with their commands, in order that they may meet with no disappointment, for they shall be regular in their Spring and Fall importations of Crawley Steel, Anvils, Vices, Files, Rasps, Sheet Iron, Sledges, and Hammers, with nearly every other article which a Blacksmith wants, they flatter themselves no person will be able to give more general satisfaction.

N. B. By the very first vessels from Liverpool and Bristol they expect a very general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, and Earthen Ware.

Sept. 3. eptf

LANDING,
AT HARPER'S WHARF,
From the Schooner Nancy, David M: Coggershall, Master,
27 Hogsheads Molasses,
2 Hogsheads Rum,
15 Hogsheads Sugar,
10,000 lbs. Cheese.
FOR SALE BY
JOHN G. LADD.
October 20.

Spanish Hides,

BLOWN SALT,
PORK,
TAR,
COFFEE,
ANTIGUA RUM,
ENGLISH CHEESE,
LONDON PORTER in Hampers,
One trunk of IRISH LINENS,
Some elegant CLOCKS,
FOR SALE BY

Fletcher & Otway.

ALSO,

An Elegant Charriot,

Of the best workmanship, made in Paris, with harness complete; and

A Riding Chair.

October 13. t.f.

A VERY VALUABLE MERCHANT MILL, A DISTILLERY AND BREWERY, AND SUNDRY STONE QUARRIES TO BE LET.

I WILL rent my Merchant Mill at the Little Falls of Potowmac, for any term, not less than seven, or more than eleven years, from the first day of September next. The Mill house is 42 by 40 feet, three stories high, built with stone, and has in it 3 pair of French burr stons, two overshot 18 feet water wheels, and Evans's machinery complete, with every other thing proper and necessary for carrying on the business with dispatch, and at as little expence as possible, all in good order.—From the mill to my landing on the Potomac river, (where crafts of any burthen may deliver grain, and take in flour) it is about 40 yards, and from thence by water to George-Town and the City of Washington, about three miles, and to Alexandria about 11 miles. This situation aided by a sufficient capital, will command the produce of a very extensive back country, where large quantities of wheat and other grain is annually made, the distance to it being from 8 to 10 miles less, than to any market town upon the navigation of the Potowmack. There are on the premisses a large stone Cooper's shop, a stone granery and a commodious Miller's house. At the landing aforesaid a bridge is now building over the Potomac, which is in great forwardness and probably will be finished the ensuing Fall.

There are also on the premises a Brewery and Distillery built with stone; in them are three stills, two coppers or boilers; with every necessary article, all new; and in good order, and sufficiently large to carry on the Brewery and Distillery, upon a very extensive plan. This property I will rent for the same term of years.

Upon my lands adjoining the premises, and along the banks of the river, where crafts may load with ease and dispatch, is an immense quantity of building and foundation stones, four quarries are now open, and as many more may be opened with ease, the stone taken from these quarries is better, and has the preference at this market, to any other stone brought to it. I will rent these quarries seperately or together as may best suit.

Upon the top of the hill, and about 200 yards from the Mill is a stone Dwelling house, large enough for the accommodation of a family, also, a kitchen, Dairy, smoke house, &c. and a garden enclosed, and in cultivation, the soil of which is equal in goodness to any in this state. I will also rent this property.

Adjoining to the Brewery and Distillery is a Smith's shop in which is a complete set of Blacksmith's tools, which I will also rent, and if agreeable I will hire to the tenant two negro blacksmiths, one of them is a complete workman.

If I rent out the stone quarries, I will sell three crafts which were built for the purpose of carrying stone. They will altogether bring upwards of 90 perch. Immediate possession will be given, for terms apply to the subscriber in this town.

The Mill, Brewery and Distillery with their appurtenances will be delivered to the tenant or tenants in good repair, and must be so returned, at the expiration of the lease or leases.

PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL.

Alex. August 16.

To be Sold,

A Mulatto Joiner and Carpenter, who understands his business. For terms, please to enquire of

BENJAMIN DULANY.

Clermont, Oct. 15. tf.

Valuable Property FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell a Lease of between 4 and 5 years of the House he now occupies, together with a large stable for 18 horses, &c.

To a person who has frequented the house it would be unnecessary to say that the character of the UNION TAVERN is well established—that in every point of view it stands on nearly equal grounds with the best in regard to nautical custom its situation is highly preferable to any in Alexandria.

Presuming a purchaser would intend pursuing the avocation he now follows, he can accommodate him with every article of Household and Kitchen Furniture, necessary to a well regulated house and extensive custom.

Possession may be had on the first of December. The terms of payment will be made easy. JOHN GADSBY.

Oct. 18. ep.

A House to Rent.

I WILL rent for one or more years, that three story Brick House situate on King street, adjoining the store of Hepburn and Dundas, at present occupied by Dr. Gillies, and give possession the 5th day of December next.

Wm. HEPBURN.

Oct. 7. 4wep.

To Rent,

THE house and store where I now live. Inquire in King street, 3 doors above Mr. Jesse Taylor's.

C. DOUGLASS.

Oct. 24. tf.

To be Rented,

A LARGE two story frame house, at the head of Prince street, lately occupied by M. Joseph Cary: in complete order for a tenant. Possession will be given immediately. Apply to Mr. R. Hamilton, or A. DOBBIN.

Oct. 24. 3t.

To Let,

A Large and Commodious Store, now occupied by the subscriber, corner of King and Union Street. Possession may be had immediately. For terms apply to Messrs. Joseph Riddle & Co. or to

HUGH SMITH.

October 20.

For Sale,

A PAIR OF
BAY HORSES,

Four years old next Spring—they are a suitable match for a riding carriage. Apply to the subscriber, living in Loudoun County, near Leesburg.

THADDEUS DULIN.

October 25.

CAME to my plantation some time last Winter a light coloured red STEER, about five years old, marked with a crop on the right ear, and underbit on the left.—The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

I will sell that three story Brick House, in King-street, where Jackson and Dunnington keep store; and some lots in good situations in this town.

Wm. HARTSHORNE.

10 mo. 20th, 1796. 4 w.

FLAX SEED

THAT IS BRIGHT AND WELL CLEANED,
PURCHASED BY
October 11. JOHN G. LADD

PLAISTER of PARIS,

Of the best Quality,
FOR SALE BY
PHILIP MAGRUDER.

Septemher 29, 1796. tf.

WANTED,

AN EXPERIENCED CLERK of a good character
MANDEVILLE & JAMESSON.
October 22.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of GEORGE HUSSLAR, deceased, are hereby requested to make immediate payment. Those who have claims against the said Estate, are also requested to bring them in, legally authenticated for payment, to

NAZY HUSSLAR,
October 25. Administratrix.

ALEXANDRIA——PRINTED, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY, AND SATURDAY, BY ELLIS PRICE, AT THE EAST END OF THE MARKET-HOUSE.